

SOUTH AFRICAN CIVIL AVIATION AUTHORITY

Ref: 7675

ACCIDENT REPORT – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Aircraft Registration	tration A2-AHO		Date of Accident	17 July 2003 Ti		Time	e of Accident	1340Z		
Type of Aircraft	PIPER PA 28-235			Type of Operation Private			Private			
Pilot-in-command License Type			Private	Age	25	L	icense Valid	Yes		
Pilot-in-command Flying Experience			Total Flying Hours	313.5		н	lours on Type	2.0		
Last point of departure		Lan	Lanseria (FALA)							
Next point of intended landing La			Lanseria (FALA)							
Location of the accident site with reference to easily defined geographical points (GPS readings if possible)										
Lanseria Aerodrome, Runway 06R										
Metagralagical Information Fine: Wind 220%/5kts Temperature (10%C Visibility CAV/OK										

Meteorological Information	Fine: Wind – 330°/5kts, Temperature +19°C, Visibility – CAVOK								
Number of people on board	One	No. of people injured	None	No. of people killed	None				

Synopsis

The aircraft was flown from Maun in Botswana to Lanseria Airport on 9 November 1998, where it was parked for several years. The owner decided during the second guarter of 2003 to restore/repair the aircraft to be sold. After restoration was completed, on 14 July 2003, three local flights were conducted which included a test flight.

The pilot, who was to ferry the aircraft back to Maun decided to execute another proficiency flight, at Lanseria (maintenance base) before returning to Botswana after some minor defects were attended too. Being cleared for final approach, Runway 06R, two notches of flap was selected, with the indicated airspeed approximately 90-95mph. He then selected full flaps (40°) on short final approach but had difficulty in controlling the aircraft. On touch down he allowed the aircraft to bounce, which veered off the runway to the right resulting in heavy impact on the nose gear, causing the nose gear to fail and resulting in substantial damage to the propeller.

The pilot was not injured in the accident. He had accumulated a total of 2 hours flying time on the aircraft type at the time of the occurrence and had completed his conversion onto type 10 days prior to the accident flight.

A Certificate of Fitness for Flight was issued by the AMO (Aircraft Maintenance Organisation) prior to the flight. The aircraft had accumulated a total of 3 445.5 airframe hours at the time.

Probable Cause

The cause of the accident could be attributed to excessive speed on touch down accompanied by incorrect recovery technique.

The pilot's limited experience on type could be regarded as a contributory factor.